

Certification of maintenance

With respect to blend out repairs, is it required to record the depth and area dimensions of material removed during a blend out repair or is it sufficient to simply record that the damage has been repaired as per the SRM?

Answer

Yes, the dimensions of the damage and the removed/remaining material should be recorded. This is a very important information in order to assess whether further damage (adjacent or at the same spot) at a later stage would be allowable or not. In addition, it is a safeguard measure in order to be able to determine, during audits, whether the person correctly determined that the damage was within limits.

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15/12/2014

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https://www.easa.europa.eu/ro/faq/19053

Can the subcontractor of a Part-145 or Part-CAO organisation release maintenance?

Answer

One of the fundamentals of subcontracting activities is that, during such maintenance, the Part-145 approval is extended to include the subcontractor activities. Subcontracting can be done only if the Part-145 has approved procedures to do it (145.A.75(b)) and the MOE is amended to reflect this new subcontractor.

A certificate of release to service can be issued by a person from the subcontractor who has received a certification authorisation from the Part-145 organisation in accordance with the certification authorisation procedure of the MOE including the assessment of competence.

The certificate of release to service and the EASA Form 1 will always be issued under the maintenance organisation approval reference.

For maintenance by Part-CAO the situation is different. Only 'specialised services' (e.g. NDT) can be subcontracted to another organisation, in accordance with the appropriate procedure

set out in the CAE and approved by the competent authority (CAO.A.095(a)(2)). In accordance with AMC1 CAO.A.025 the procedure should be part of chapter B.7 'Subcontracting'.

A certificate of release to service can be issued by a person from the other organisation who has received a certification authorisation from the CAO in accordance with the certification authorisation procedure of the CAE.

The certificate of release to service will always be issued under the CAO approval reference.

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Release to service of NDT tasks by Part-145 or Part-CAO organisations

Answer

This answer is separated in two tables. One table is for organisation holding a Part-145 approval and the second table is for organisations holding a Part-CAO approval.

Part-145:

Part-145 organisation	Certifying staff required	Qualification system	General Release procedure	Release procedure for an NDT inspection
Aircraft				A Part-145
(class A)				organisation holding an A approval rating on a particular aircraft type and having in its approved scope of work NDT inspections for this aircraft type.
	The release of the aircraft maintenance			This organization needs to have part-66 certifying staff and NDT personnel qualified in accordance with

carried out
under A class
rating has to be
performed by
certifying staff
holding a Part66 licence. (B1
or B3 or C or L
certifying staff
under the
organisation's A
rating.)

Licencing of personnel has to follow Part-66 regulation.

The release is either on the aircraft technical log or issuing an aircraft release to service statement.

In this case the NDT inspector performs the NDT task and signs off the work order. The aircraft is released by appropriately qualified B1, B3, C or L certifying staff under the organisation's A

145.A.30(t).

rating.

Please note that the release may include not only the NDT task but also the associated tasks (removal of panels, blankets, wires, reinstallation, etc), or the NDT task may be part of a base maintenance check.

Page 4 of 13 The certifying staff A Part-145 Engines is qualified organisation holding a Class B following the B rating approval on a procedures particular engine type established by the and having in its organisation in approved scope of compliance with work NDT inspections the competent for this engine type. authority The release of works This organization requirements. Partperformed under needs to have 66 licence is not class B is done on an "engine" certifying The release of required. EASA Form 1 (or by staff (qualified in the engine means of an internal accordance with maintenance release document company procedures) carried out when this component and NDT personnel under B class is for the qualified in rating has to be organisation's own accordance with performed by use and the 145.A.30(f). engine's organisation has in In this case the NDT certifying staff. place the related inspector performs the internal procedures in NDT task and signs the MOE). off the work order. The engine certifying staff releases the works performed to the engine (including NDT inspection) on an EASA Form 1.

Page 5 of 13 A Part-145 Components organisation holding a Class C C rating approval on a particular component and having in its approved scope of work NDT inspections The release of works The certifying staff for this component. performed under is qualified The release of class C is done on an This organization following the the component EASA Form 1 (or by needs to have CCS procedures maintenance means of an internal and NDT personnel established by the carried out release document qualified in organisation in under C class when this component accordance with compliance with rating has to be is for the 145.A.30(f). the competent performed by organisation's own authority In this case the NDT components use and the requirements. The inspector performs the certifying staff organisation has in CCS is not NDT task and signs (CCS). place the related required to have a off the Work Order / internal procedures in Part-66 licence. Engineering Order. the MOE). The CCS releases the works performed to the component (including NDT inspection) on an EASA Form 1.

Note: In case of non-EU organisations approved by the EASA in accordance with Part-145, the Part-66 licence could be read as "Part-66 or national licence in accordance with Part-145 Appendix IV"

Part-CAO:

tasks (removal of

panels, blankets, wires, re-installation, etc), or

Part-145	Certifying staff	Qualification system	General Release procedure	Page 7 of 13 Release procedure for an NDT
organisation	required			inspection
Aircraft (class aeroplanes, helicopter, airships, balloons or sailplanes)				A Part-CAO organisation holding an aeroplanes, helicopter, airships, balloons or sailplanes particular aircraft type or and having in its approved scope of work NDT inspections for this aircraft type.
	The release of the aircraft maintenance carried out under A class rating has to be performed by certifying staff holding a Part-66 licence.	Licencing of personnel has to follow Part-66 regulation.	The release is either on the aircraft technical log or issuing an aircraft release to service statement.	This organization needs to have part-66 certifying staff and NDT personnel qualified in accordance with CAO.A.035(f). In this case the NDT inspector performs the NDT task and signs off the work order. The aircraft is released by appropriately qualified B1, B3 or L certifying staff under the organisation's aeroplanes, helicopter, airships, balloons or sailplanes rating. Please note that the release may include not
				only the NDT task but also the associated

the NDT task may be part of a base maintenance check.

Engines or The certifying

Components staff is qualified
other than following the
complete procedures
engines established by
Class the

Components organisation,

organisation,
Part-66 licence
is not required.

The release of the engine maintenance carried out under components class rating has to be performed by 'engine's' or 'components other than complete engines' certifying staff.

The release of works

performed under class

components is done on an

EASA Form 1 (or by means in accordance with of an internal release document when this component is for the organisation's own use and the organisation has in place the related internal procedures in the CAE).

Components other complete engines' certifying staff (qualifying staff (qualifying staff) (qua

A Part-CAO organisation holding a components rating approval on a particular engine type or 'components other than complete engines' and having in its approved scope of work NDT inspections for this engine type.

This organization needs to have "engine" or 'components other than complete engines' certifying staff (qualified company procedures) and NDT personnel qualified in accordance with CAO.A.035(f). In this case the NDT inspector performs the NDT task and signs off the work order. The engine or 'components other than complete engines' certifying staff releases the works performed to the engine or 'components other than complete engines' (including NDT inspection) on an EASA Form 1.

The release of the component maintenance carried out under C class rating has to be performed by components certifying staff (CCS).

The certifying staff is qualified following the procedures established by the organisation in compliance with the competent authority requirements. The CCS is not required to have a Part-66 licence.

The release of works performed under class C is This organization needs done on an EASA Form 1 (or by means of an internal personnel qualified in release document when this component is for the organisation's own use and the organisation has in place the related internal procedures in the MOE).

A Part-145 organisation holding a C rating approval on a particular component and having in its approved scope of work NDT inspections for this component.

to have CCS and NDT accordance with 145.A.30(f).

In this case the NDT inspector performs the NDT task and signs off the Work Order / Engineering Order. The CCS releases the works performed to the component (including NDT inspection) on an EASA Form 1.

A Part-CAO organisation

holding a 'Specialised

Services' approval on a particular NDT method. The approved scope of

Specialised services

> work will be NDT inspections on this method. to have NDT certifying staff qualified in accordance with CAO.A.035(f). In this case the NDT and releases the NDT than aircraft release to service) as defined by the organisation in the CAO.A.070 and

The release of works The release of performed under class the The certifying 'Specialised Services' This organisation needs maintenance staff is qualified rating is done on an EASA carried out following the Form 1 or using another under procedures form of release to service 'Specialised established by (other than aircraft release Services' the organisation to service) as defined by class rating in compliance the organisation in the CAE certifying staff performs has to be with EN4179, in compliance with performed by Part-66 licence CAO.A.070(a) and task on an EASA Form 1 "specialised is not required. approved by the competent or using another form of services" authority (AMC1 release to service (other certifying staff. CAO.A.070 (a)(1)). CAE in compliance with approved by the competent authority.

Note: In case of non-EU organisations approved by the EASA in accordance with Part-145, the Part-66 licence could be read as "Part-66 or national licence in accordance with Part-145 Appendix IV"

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We are a maintenance organisation approved for component maintenance (B/C-rated Part-145 organisation, or Part-CAO with class "component"). Can we issue a "removed serviceable" EASA Form 1 for a component removed from an engine/component off-aircraft in our organisation?

Answer

The current point 2.6 of AMC2 145.A.50(d) or AMC1 CAO.A.070(a) refers to the issue of an EASA Form 1 for serviceable aircraft components removed from serviceable aircraft registered in a Member State (*).

This AMC provision is to be used only for components removed from serviceable Member State registered **aircraft**, not from engine/component off-aircraft, regardless of whether such engine/component is serviceable or not. Components removed from a higher assembly (engine or another component) off-aircraft are expected to undergo workshop maintenance in accordance with the relevant maintenance data before the EASA Form 1 (certifying such maintenance) is issued.

Note that an A-rated Part-145 maintenance organisation or a Part-CAO organisation with class "aircraft" can issue an EASA Form 1 following a "removed serviceable" procedure for a (sub)component removed from a higher assembly component when such higher assembly is still installed on (or temporarily removed from) serviceable Member State registered aircraft, following the procedure of the referred AMCs.

(*) means an aircraft which is registered in a Member State and holds a valid (R)CofA issued in accordance with Reg. (EU) No 748/2012 and an ARC.

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We are a maintenance organisation approved for component maintenance (B/C-rated Part-145 organisation, or Part-CAO with class "component"). Can we issue an EASA Form 1 in accordance with point 145.A.50(d) after maintenance performed on an engine/component on-wing on a non-EU-registered aircraft?

Answer

Non-EU countries are sovereign to set acceptable procedures to be followed on aircraft under their register. They can establish that components maintained by organisations approved in accordance with Part-145 (or Part-CAO) of Regulation (EU) No 1321/2014 and released with an EASA Form 1 can be installed on aircraft on their register.

Since component removed from third-country aircraft may be subject (under certain conditions) to off-wing component maintenance by Part-145 (or Part-CAO) organisation (with the issue of an EASA Form 1 after maintenance), there is no objection that a B/C-rated Part-145 organisation (or a CAO with class "component") performs a work order and issues an EASA Form 1 to certify maintenance on engines/components installed on (or temporarily removed from) a non-EU-registered aircraft while this aircraft undergoes line or base maintenance. The B/C-rated Part-145 (or CAO) organisation needs for this an approved MOE procedure to conduct maintenance away from an approved location.

Note: In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1321/2014, an appropriately approved organisation issuing an EASA Form 1 certifies that the requested maintenance has been properly accomplished on the component; but **this form does not provide permission for the installation of the component** on an EU-registered aircraft. Particular care is necessary for components originating from non-EU registered aircraft and intended for installation on EU-registered aircraft (ref. point 2.8 of AMC2 145.A.50(d)).

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