

## **Basic Part-66 licence (without type rating)**

**For personnel studying a qualification at a University or a degree in a country outside of the EU: I am studying aeronautics and I wish to obtain an EASA Part-66 licence? May I get a credit or may I get a licence based on my degree?**

### **Answer**

No, unless the basic knowledge got outside of the EU is acquired in a Part-147 training organisation approved by EASA, according to 66.B.405.

### **Last updated:**

28/11/2013

### **Link:**

<https://www.easa.europa.eu/hu/faq/19018>

**Which documentation is required to support the application demonstrating compliance with the experience requirements?**

### **Answer**

Maintenance experience should be written up in a manner that the reader has a reasonable understanding of where, when and what maintenance constitutes the experience. A task-by-task account is not necessary, but at the same time a bland statement such as “X years maintenance experience completed” would not be acceptable. A maintenance log book detailing the experience is desirable and some competent authorities may require such a log book (see AMC 66.A.10).

Consequently, the format used to evidence the maintenance experience is not strictly defined in the rules and is left at the discretion of the competent authority issuing the licence. Hence, EASA advises you follow the instructions of the competent authority where you intend to apply for.

### **Last updated:**

13/04/2015

**Link:**

<https://www.easa.europa.eu/hu/faq/19084>

**Where do I gain the required basic maintenance experience? Is it mandatory to gain the required maintenance experience in an EASA approved Part-145 organisation?**

**Answer**

According to point 66.A.30(e), experience in aircraft maintenance gained in organisations not approved in accordance with Part-145 or Part-CAO – for example in the following environments: FAR-145, armed forces, coast guard, police, nationally approved organisations, organisations approved by non-EASA Member States, or in aircraft manufacturing, etc. - may be recognised to achieve the experience required in 66.A.30(a), when such maintenance is equivalent to that required by Part-66 as established by the competent authority.

However, **at least part of the basic experience shall be gained in an EASA-approved Part-145 or Part-CAO organisation** (or under the supervision of independent certifying staff): the AMC to point 66.A.30(e) states that as a minimum, experience in aircraft maintenance organisation(s) that is (are) approved in accordance with Part-145 or Part-CAO should be:

- (1) for categories A and L: 6 months;
- (2) for categories B1, B2, B2L, B3 and C: 12 months.

Consequently, please contact the competent authority where you intend to apply for a licence, in order to check whether the basic experience you have is equivalent to that required by Part-66, with detailed information on the type of aircraft, its operation and the nature of the work and respect, as a minimum, the periods set in this AMC for the experience gained in Part-145 and/or Part-CAO organisations.

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22/05/2025

**Link:**

<https://www.easa.europa.eu/hu/faq/19085>

**I work as a mechanic in the military field on aircraft being also certified for civil operations. In order to obtain the Part-66 licence, why do I need additional experience of civil aircraft maintenance as required by 66.A.30(e) on top of my experience in the military field?**

**Answer**

As stated in 66.A.30(e), for mechanics having a military background and seeking a Part-66 licence, the objective is to ensure adequate understanding of the civil aircraft maintenance environment, not only because of possible different aircraft technologies, but also because of practices linked to the civil environment.

Not only the technology or systems of the civil aircraft might differ from the military aircraft version configuration (e.g. no video entertainment system; no sliding chutes; different fuel or electrical systems) but the experience gained in the military environment might also significantly differ from the scope of work of the civil maintenance organisation, its procedures and policies (e.g. use and meaning of the certificate of release to service - EASA Form 1, standard parts, store and tools procedures, use of the maintenance documentation such as ADs, SB, SIL..., quality and safety management system; human factor aspects, continuing airworthiness record systems...).

In addition the interaction with the customers (i.e. the airliners) induces new practices such as use of the aircraft technical log book, MEL, aircraft defect rectification and deferment of items; use of customer documentation (e.g. MPD, MRB, SRM, IPC); interaction with the crew; how to behave with the passengers; special procedure such as (re)fuelling, de-icing /anti-icing; communication with the tower or moving on the apron.

Finally, the requirements for the continuing airworthiness of the aircraft might significantly evolve in the civil environment. To name a few, the following items can be reminded: ADs, SBs, operational directives, EASA requirements; records and archives; repairs and modifications (use of data, EASA/FAA rules; dual-release); special inspections (e.g. CPCP, EWIS); approved maintenance programme and its effectiveness / reliability; occurrence reporting; understanding of MSG-3 methods ...

The military regulations widely differ from country to country, with certain countries having military rules similar to the EU ones, while others have very different rules. The 12-month additional civil maintenance experience average (as per AMC 66.A.30(e)), has been agreed by the Member States and accepted as a standard way to demonstrate compliance with the rule to achieve mutual recognition and adequate degree of standardisation.

#### **Last updated:**

13/04/2015

#### **Link:**

<https://www.easa.europa.eu/hu/faq/19086>

**I have completed my EASA Part-66 modules for B1 and I have passed all the exams, but I still lack experience to get my licence. Is there a time limit to**

## **get the licence ? Will the certificate expire in a few years if I do not get the experience?**

### **Answer**

According to Commission Regulation (EU) No 1149/2011 of 21 October 2011 (amending Regulation (EC) No 2042/2003), the basic examinations shall be passed and experience shall be acquired within the ten years preceding the application for an aircraft basic licence.

The new regulation also states that for the purpose of time limits related to basic knowledge examinations, basic experience acquired before the Regulation applies, the origin of time shall be the date by which this Regulation applies, which is 01/08/2012 (which means until 31/07/2022).

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### **Link:**

<https://www.easa.europa.eu/hu/faq/19021>