

How do airports cope with the impact of cybersecurity on aviation security

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ICAO Risk Content Statement 2016

- Three areas of work on cyber:
 - > Aircraft and ATM interface systems
 - > “Other” aircraft systems
 - > Airport systems

- Airports systems: two broad categories:
 - > a potential facilitation activity e.g. by degrading IT-based aviation security measures such as access control and screening

 - > disruption of operations (departure control, baggage handling etc) – part of operational resilience and business continuity rather than conventional aviation security

Airport & aircraft safety

- ATC :
 - > Control tower
 - > Communications
 - > Radio navigation equipment
 - > Runway (lighting, RWSL)
 - > Surface Movement Guidance and Control System
- Flight handling
 - > Baggage, pax and freight screening
 - > Weight & balance
- Aircraft handling
 - > Gatelink
- Physical security
 - > Access control
 - > Border control

Cybersecurity & aircraft safety

- [Removed : screendumps on loss of integrity]



Cybersecurity & airport operations

- Airport Information System (AODB) :
 - > Flight schedules
 - > Resources allocation
 - > Flight Information Display System
- Airport optimization
 - > Collaborative Decision Making
 - > Runway capacity optimization
- Flight operations
 - > Check-in and boarding
 - > Baggage handling system
 - > Baggage reconciliation system
- Facility management
 - > Building management system
 - > Asset management

Cybersecurity & corporate operations

- Finance
 - > ERP
 - > CEO fraud
 - > Loyalty programs fraud
 - > Car parks
- Reputation
 - > Corporate Web Sites
- Legal
 - > GDPR
- Cyberthreats
 - > DDOS
 - > Spam/Phishing
 - > Malware



Cybersecurity and commodities

- Power supply
- Telecommunications (GSM)
- Internet access

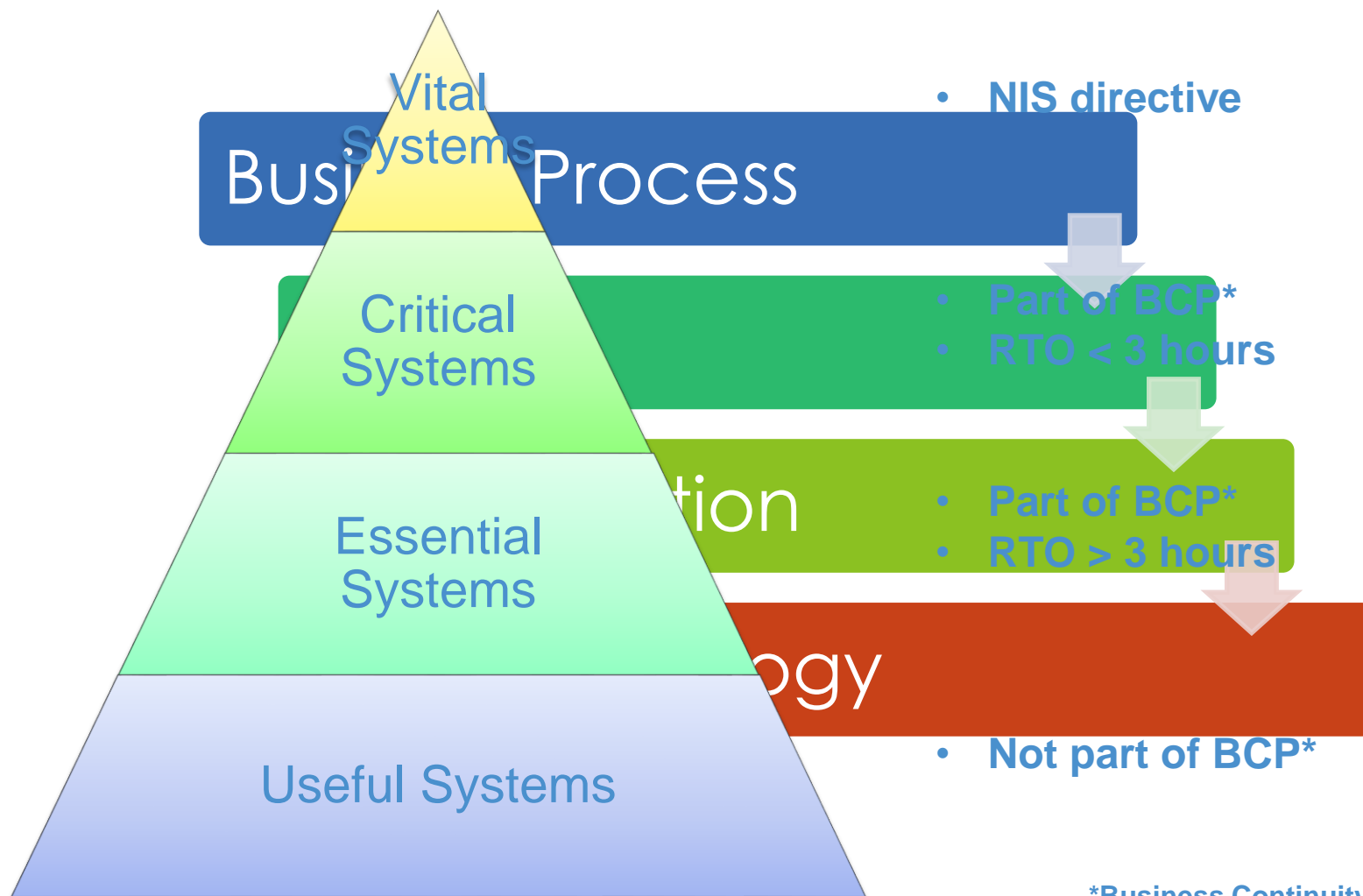


NIS Directive

- Transposition into national legislation by May, 9th 2018
- “Already started” in Germany and France
 - > Changes in mindset of OES
 - Governance
 - Organisation
 - Operational teams
 - Cybersecurity teams
 - > Huge workload for operational teams
 - Inventory of vital systems
 - > Huge workload (to come) operational teams and IT teams
 - Risk assessments on vital systems
 - > Challenges for resources
 - Cybersecurity skills and experts
 - Expert costs
 - Remediation costs



→ NIS directive : where to start ?



*Business Continuity Plan



NIS directive in aviation

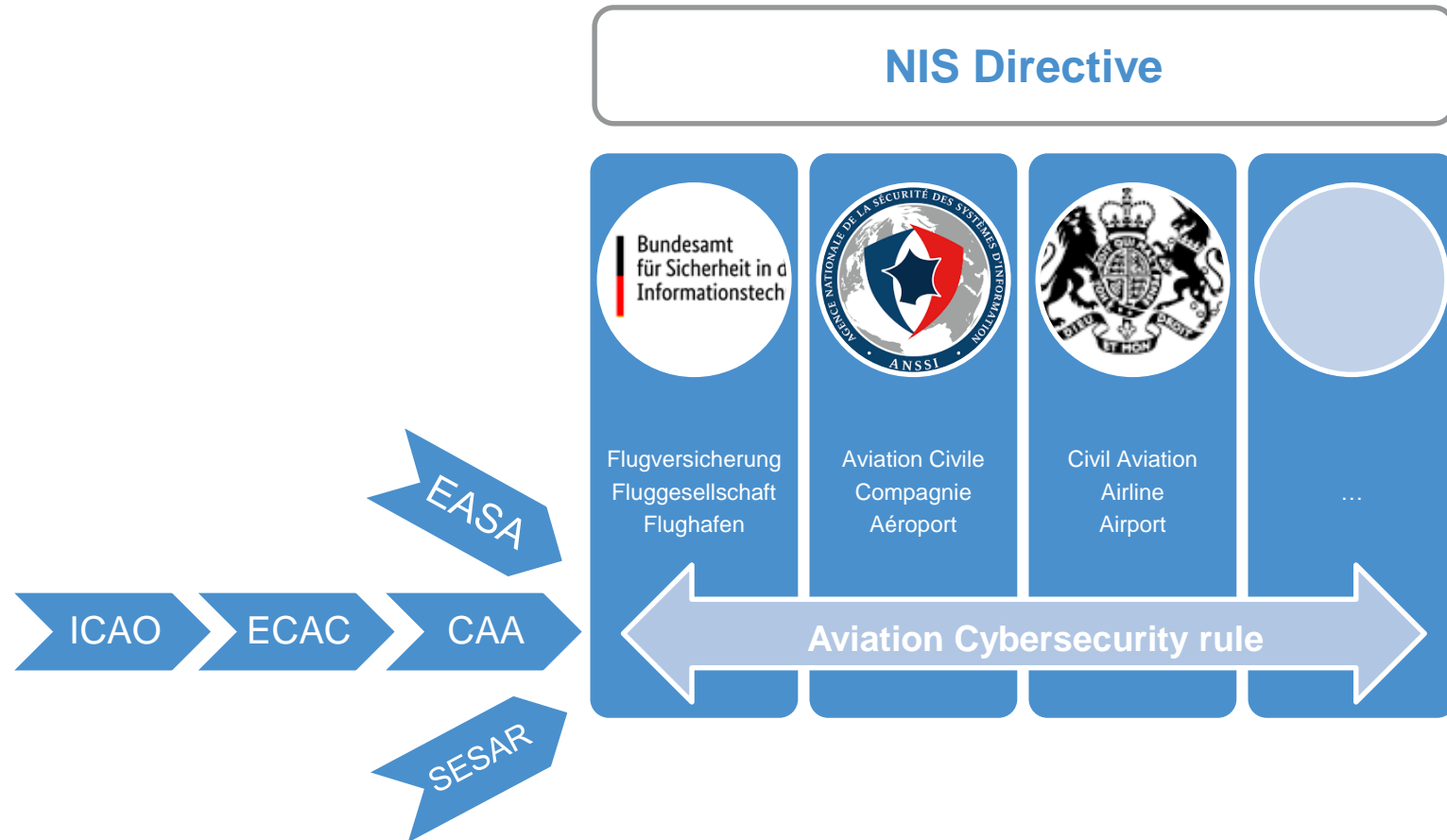
■ Pros :

- > Operators are now accountable for cybersecurity, not only CISOs
- > OES can work together
 - French airports
 - ACI Europe
 - Trusted partnerships

■ Cons :

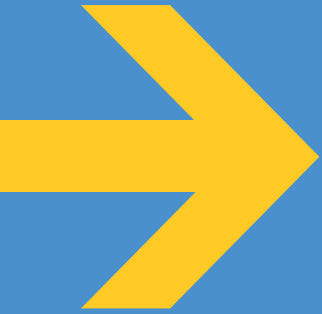
- > Definition of « OES Airport » may vary
- > OES will work (first ?) in silos
 - Little cooperation with non-OES airports
 - Little cooperation with airlines (OES/non OES), CAAs, aircraft manufacturers

→ NIS Directive & aviation regulations



NIS Directive & aviation regulations

- Consistency with NIS directive is essential:
 - > No duplication of efforts to implement cybersecurity
 - > No “interference” with the NIS Directive agenda
- Diversity should be allowed
 - > Civil aviations, airlines, airports
 - > Standardized approach per domain
- Cooperation is key
 - > Cooperation between EU NIS Directive group and EASA, ECAC, etc.
 - > Cooperation between EASA, IATA, CANSO, ACI Europe, etc.



THANK YOU

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