



# EASA

European Aviation Safety Agency

## Cyber Security and STCs

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*EASA*

STC workshop, Cologne May 2016

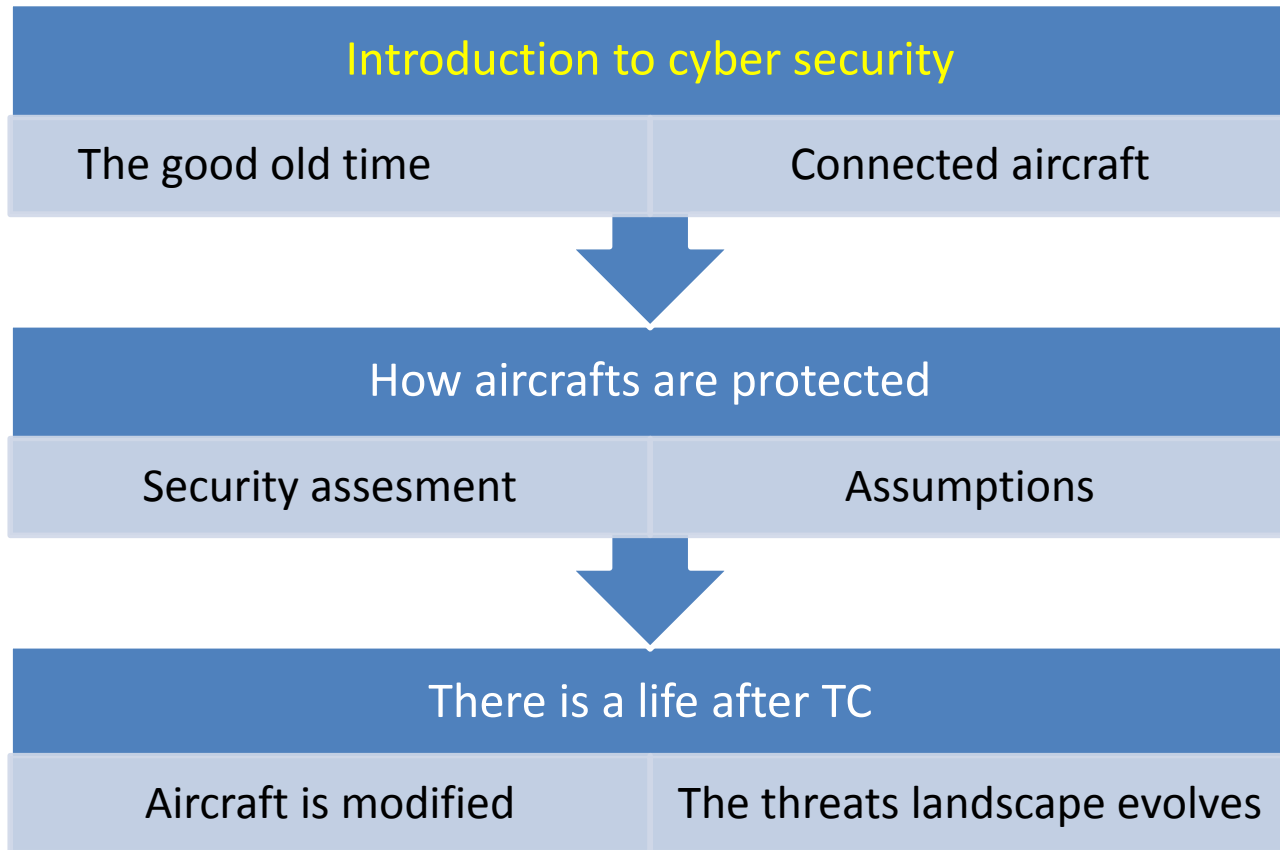
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TE.GEN.00409-001



# Presentation Overview





# Introduction to Cyber Security



## Cyber security

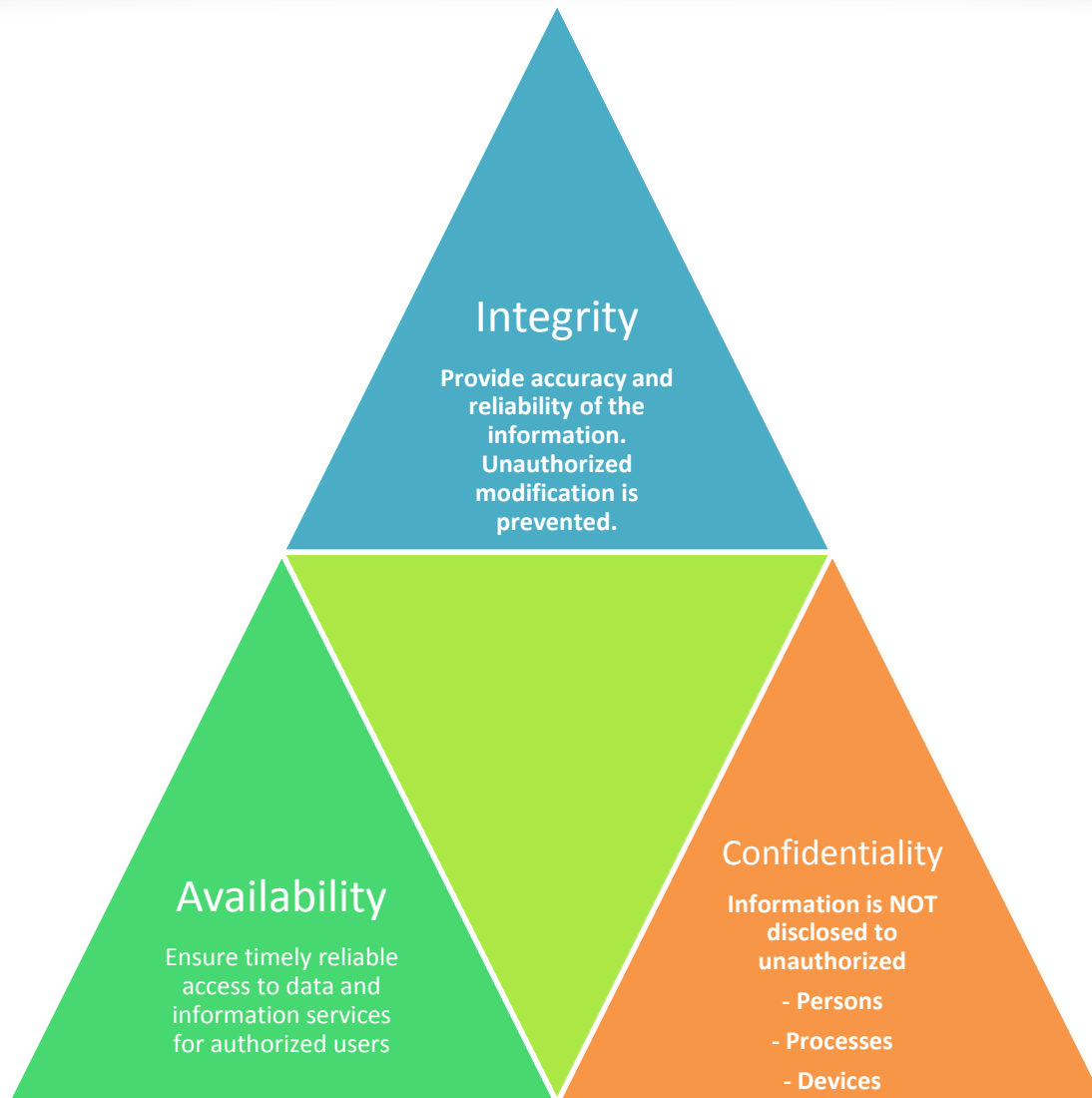
The ability to protect or defend the use of cyberspace from cyber attacks

A global domain within the **information environment** consisting of the interdependent network of information systems infrastructures including the Internet, telecommunications networks, computer systems, and embedded processors and controllers.



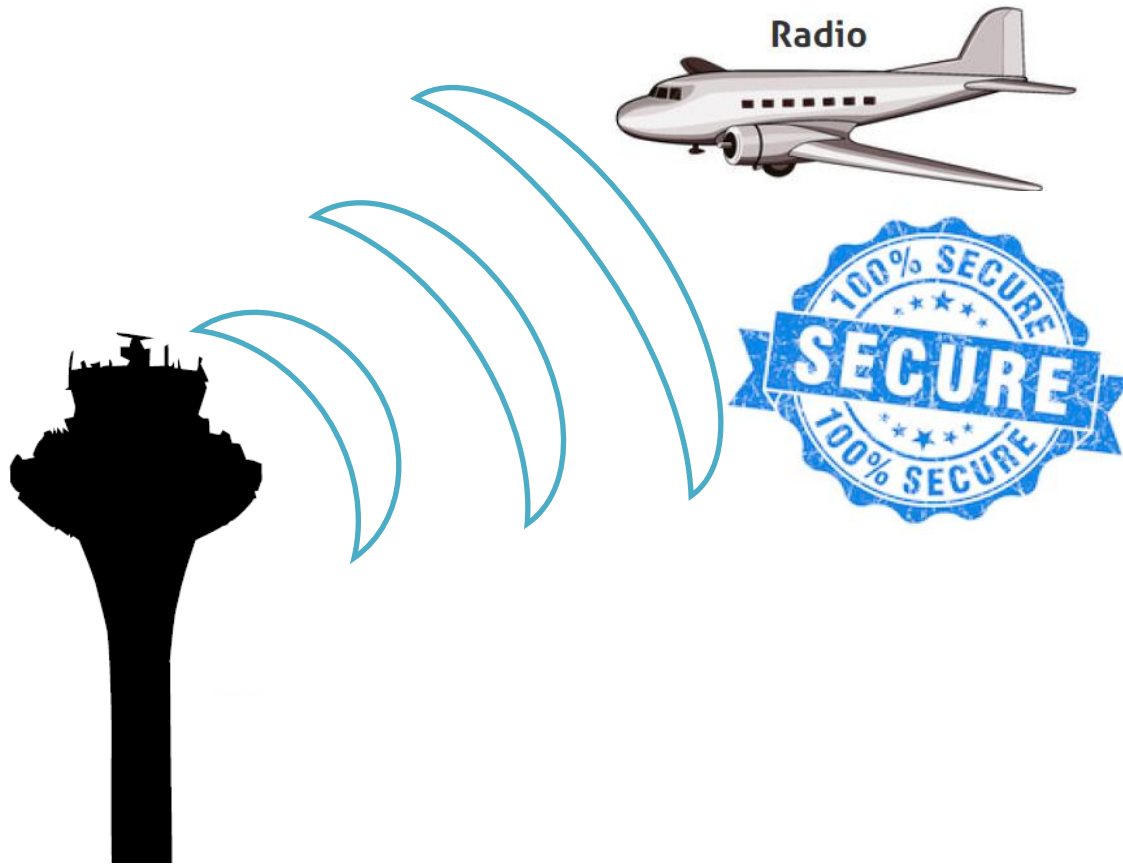


# Introduction to cyber security



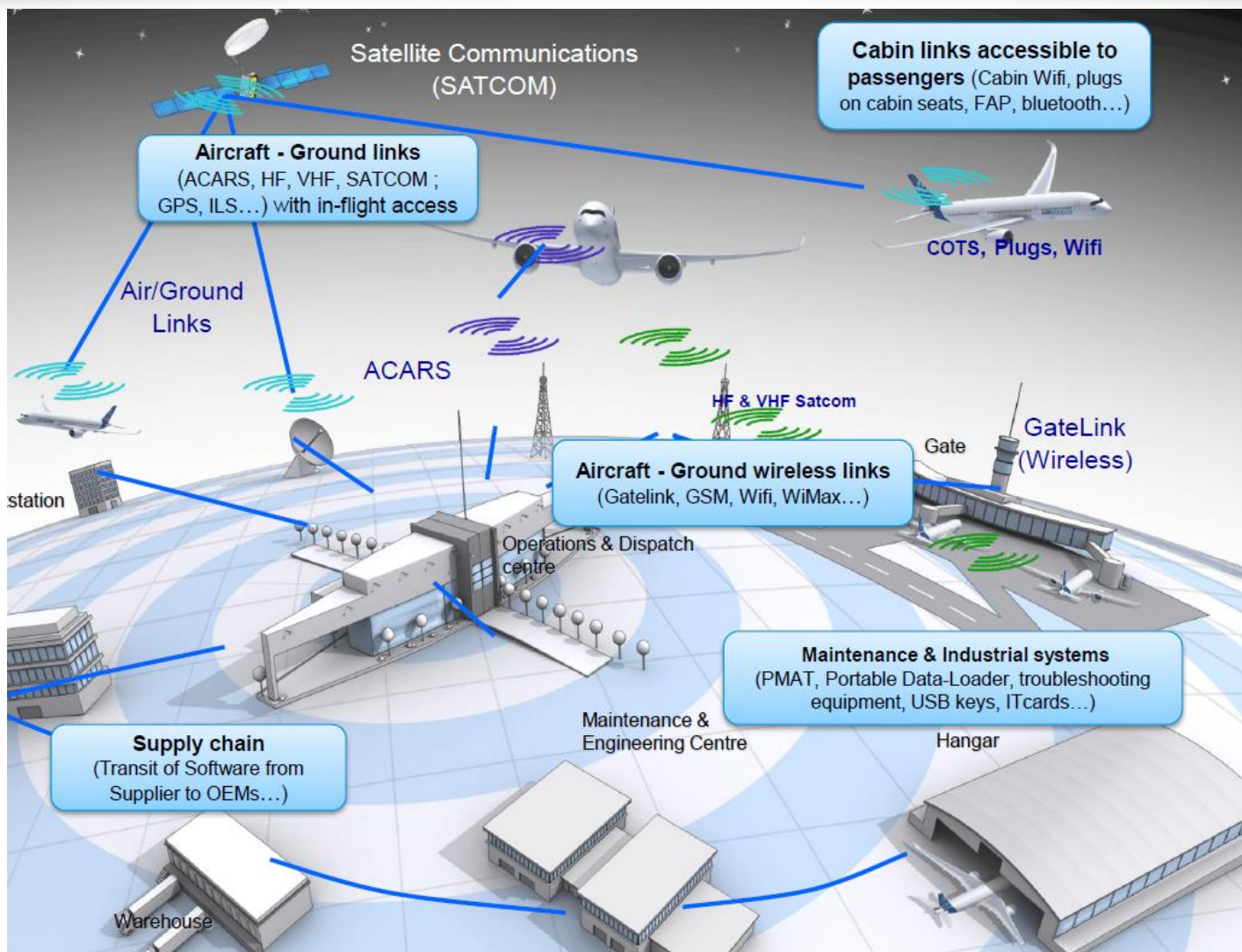


# The good old days





# Today

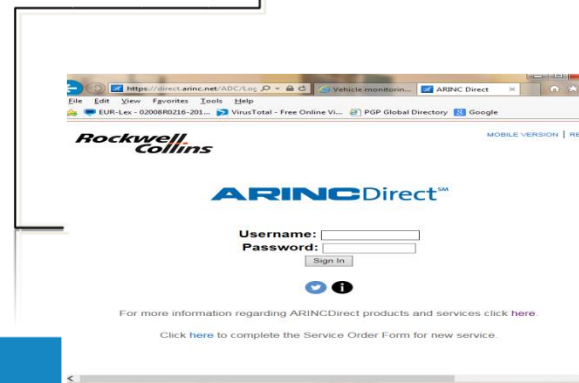


courtesy Airbus



# (bad) Example

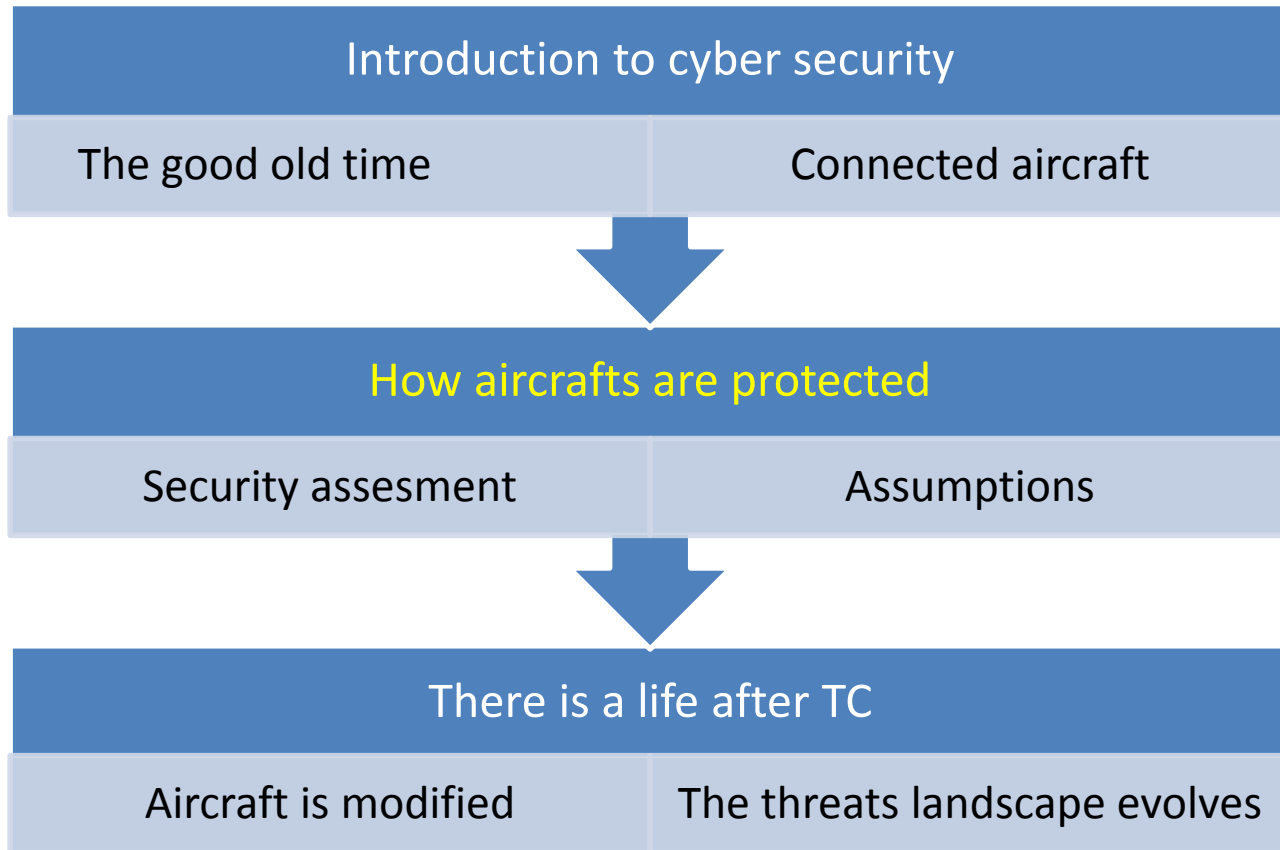
- It can take 5 min for a hacker to steal operator password (X-script on portal)
- Social engineering also possible
- With it he get access to the whole airline fleet anywhere in the world, on the ground or airborne.
- He can send data directly to the plane (AOC)
- Just be imaginative...







# Presentation Overview







# Initial Airworthiness

## Large A/C

Today, Special condition

Requires the manufacturer to define and **assess the cyber risk** on the A/C design, when needed, to mitigate and to maintain the risk to an acceptable level during operation.

Tomorrow in CS-25

Rulemaking task 0648 started. ToR published (17/05/2016)

Standards and AMCs

Objective is to recognize and reference the industry standards (EUROCAE).

Issue to be solve by the industry on difference between RTCA and EUROCAE

## General Aviation

Low end: nothing asked.  
Industry voluntary basis

GAMA GA initiative to address cyber security in GA is well perceived by EASA.

Candidate for an ASTM standard in F44?

PAX > 19

Today case by case basis. Asking usually via a CAI (Certification Action Item) to review the design with the cyber security scope. Sometime followed by a SC.



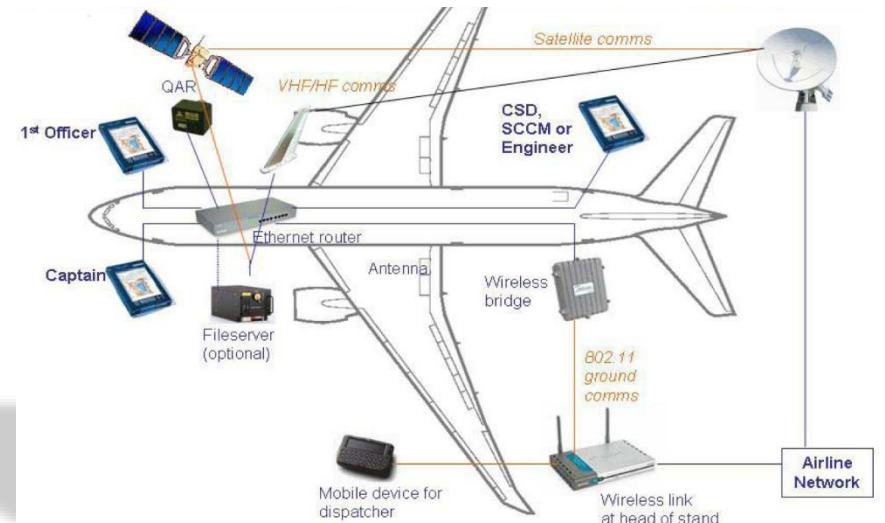
# Cyber Security Risk Assessment

Purpose is to evaluate the **security risk** of an aircraft or system subject to **unauthorized interference with its systems**

**Risk is defined by**

1. **Severity of the effect of the Threat Condition**
2. **Difficulty to attack**

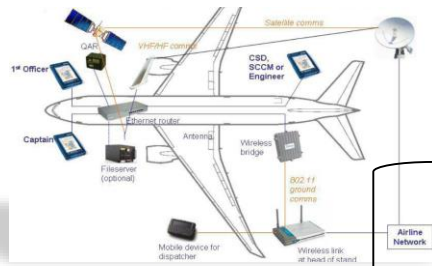
**Risk = Severity / Difficulty**



Src ED 202A



# Case study: Air Mgt. Syst. (src ED 203)



Security scope

## Functions

Provide Cabin Pressurization

Provide Aircraft Structural Integrity

Provide Aircraft status

Troubleshooting Support

## Assets

Press. Contr.  
Field Loadable S/W

Press. Contr. Configuration  
files

## Interfaces

Physical I/F to Maintenance  
GSE

Logical I/F to  
Bleed System

## Failure conditions

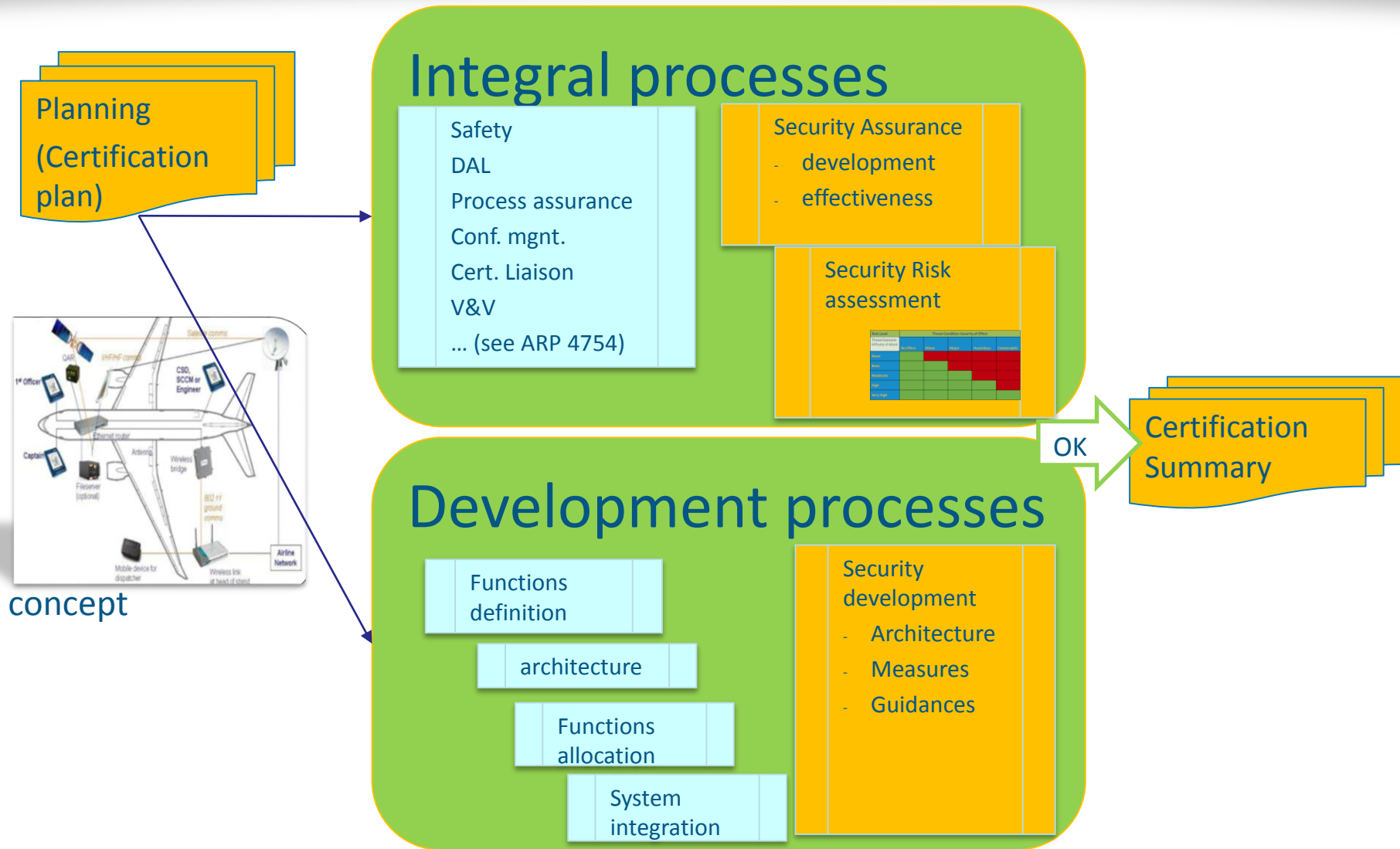
	Failures	Attribute	Flight Phase	Hazzard Classification
F1	Loss of Pressurization	Availability	Airborne	Catastrophic
F2	Loss of Structural Integrity	Availability	Airborne	Catastrophic
F3	Loss of Aircraft status	Availability	Airborne	Major
F4	Loss of Troubleshooting Support	Availability	On Ground	No safety effect

## Threat conditions

	Threat Condition	Attribute	Flight Phase	Failure	Hazzard Classification
TC1	Communication interrupted due to malware infection	Availability	Airborne	F1	Catastrophic
TC2	Communication interrupted due to malware infection	Availability	On Ground	F1	No safety effect
TC3	Counterfeit LRU installation	Integrity	Airborne	F1	Catastrophic
TC4	Misleading commands to bleed due to S/W corruption	Integrity	Airborne	F1	Catastrophic



# General process (ED 202)





# Risk Acceptability Matrix

## safety

Risk Level	SEVERITY				
PROBABILITY (Likelihood)	No Effect	Minor	Major	Hazardous	Catastrophic
Frequent					
Probable					
Remote					
Extremely Remote					
Extremely Improbable					

## security

Needs to modify the architecture  
to reduce the safety impact  
So better think security from start!

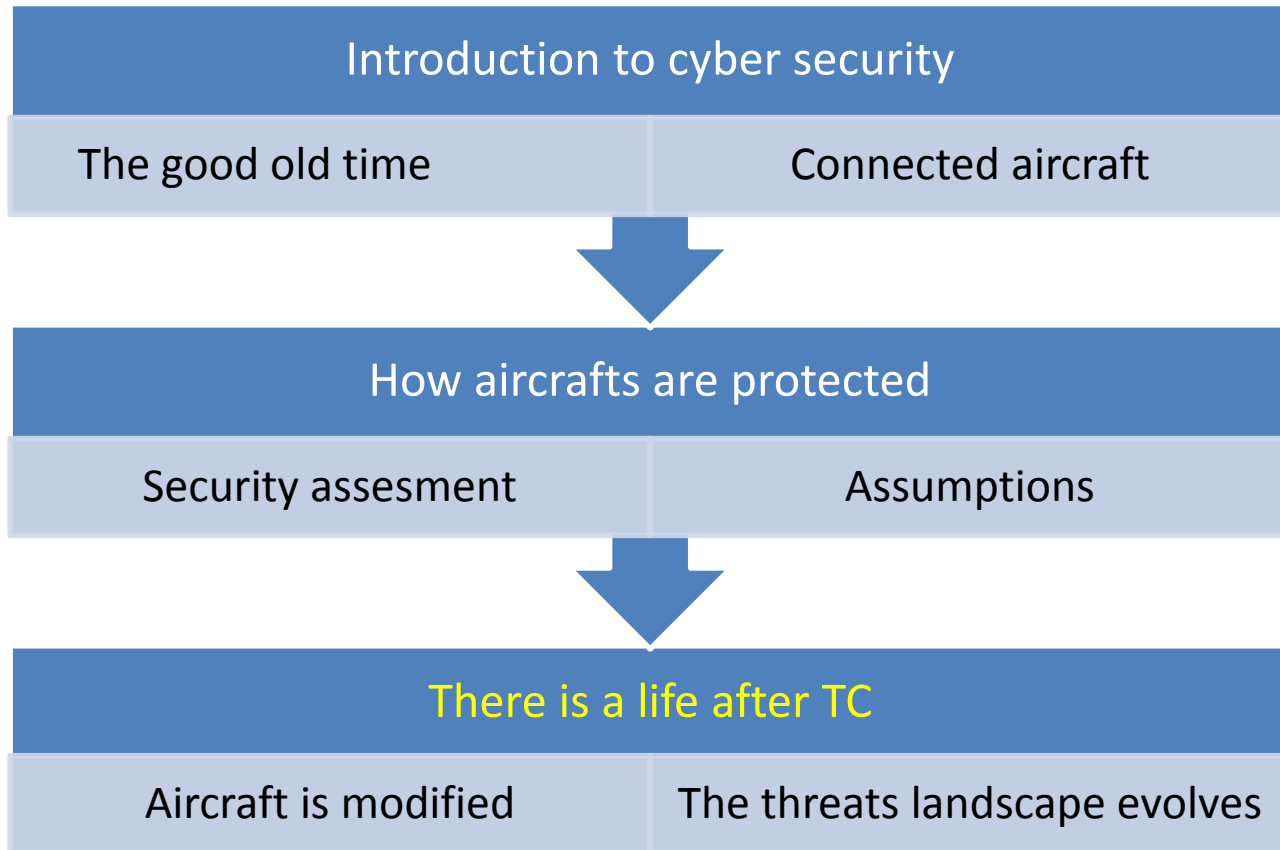
Risk Level	Threat Condition Severity of Effect				
Threat Scenario Difficulty of Attack	No Effect	Minor	Major	Hazardous	Catastrophic
None					
Basic					
Moderate					
High					



Make the scenario more difficult to succeed: add  
protection (eg signing sw load), or operational  
constraints (eg. access to the aircraft vs remote  
loading)



# Presentation Overview

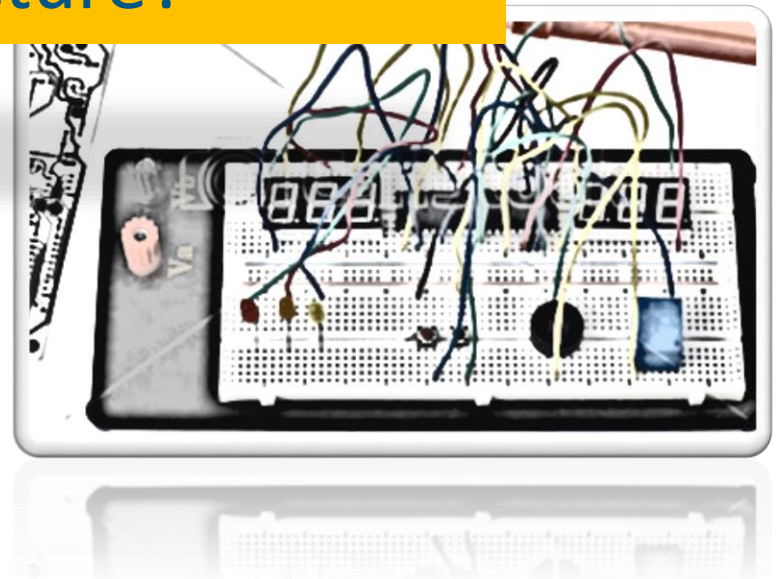




# Aircraft modification

Issue:

How can we maintain the security effectiveness when modification are made on existing architecture?

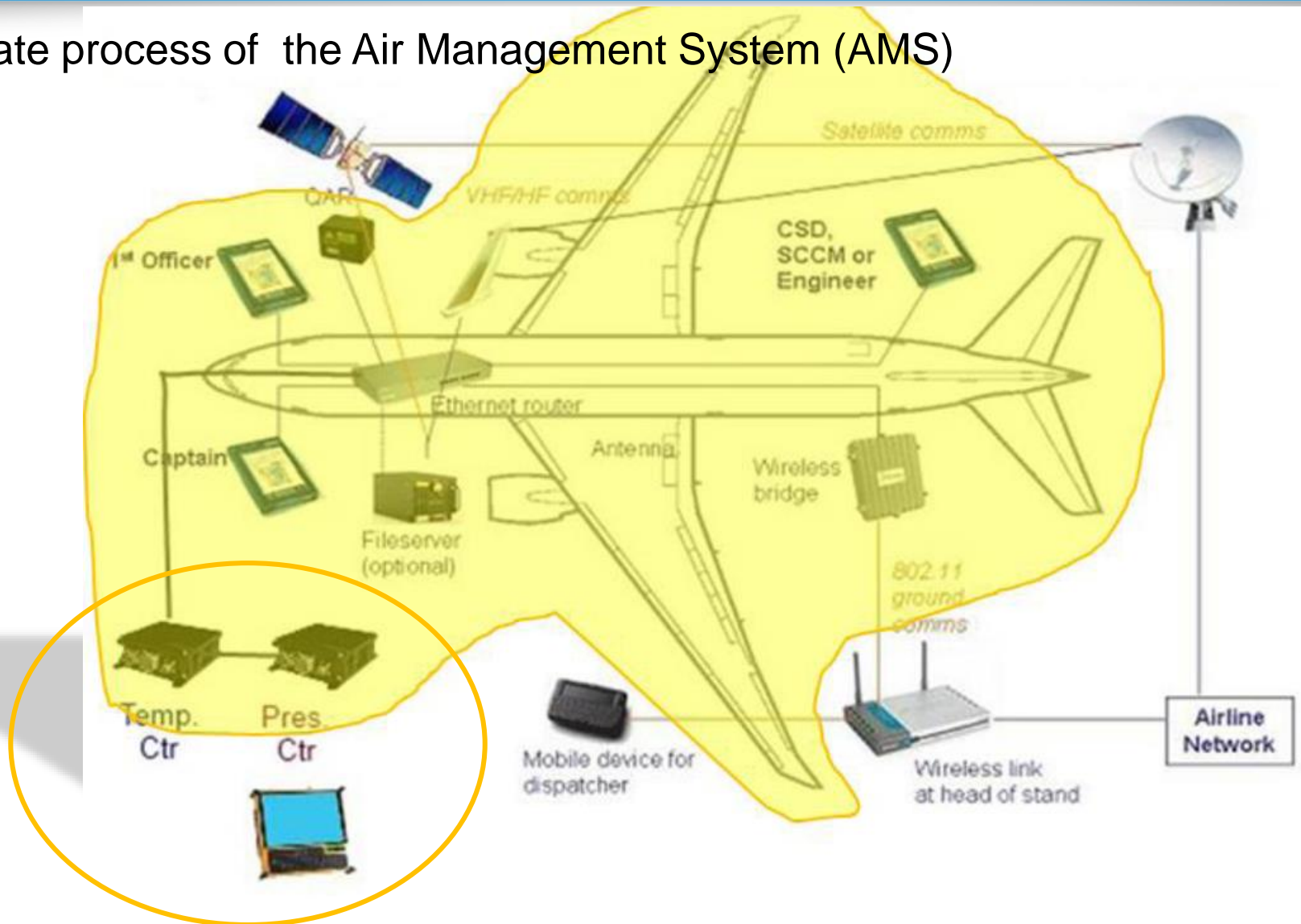






# Case study

update process of the Air Management System (AMS)





# What does the rule say?

## **21.A.113 Application for a supplemental type-certificate**

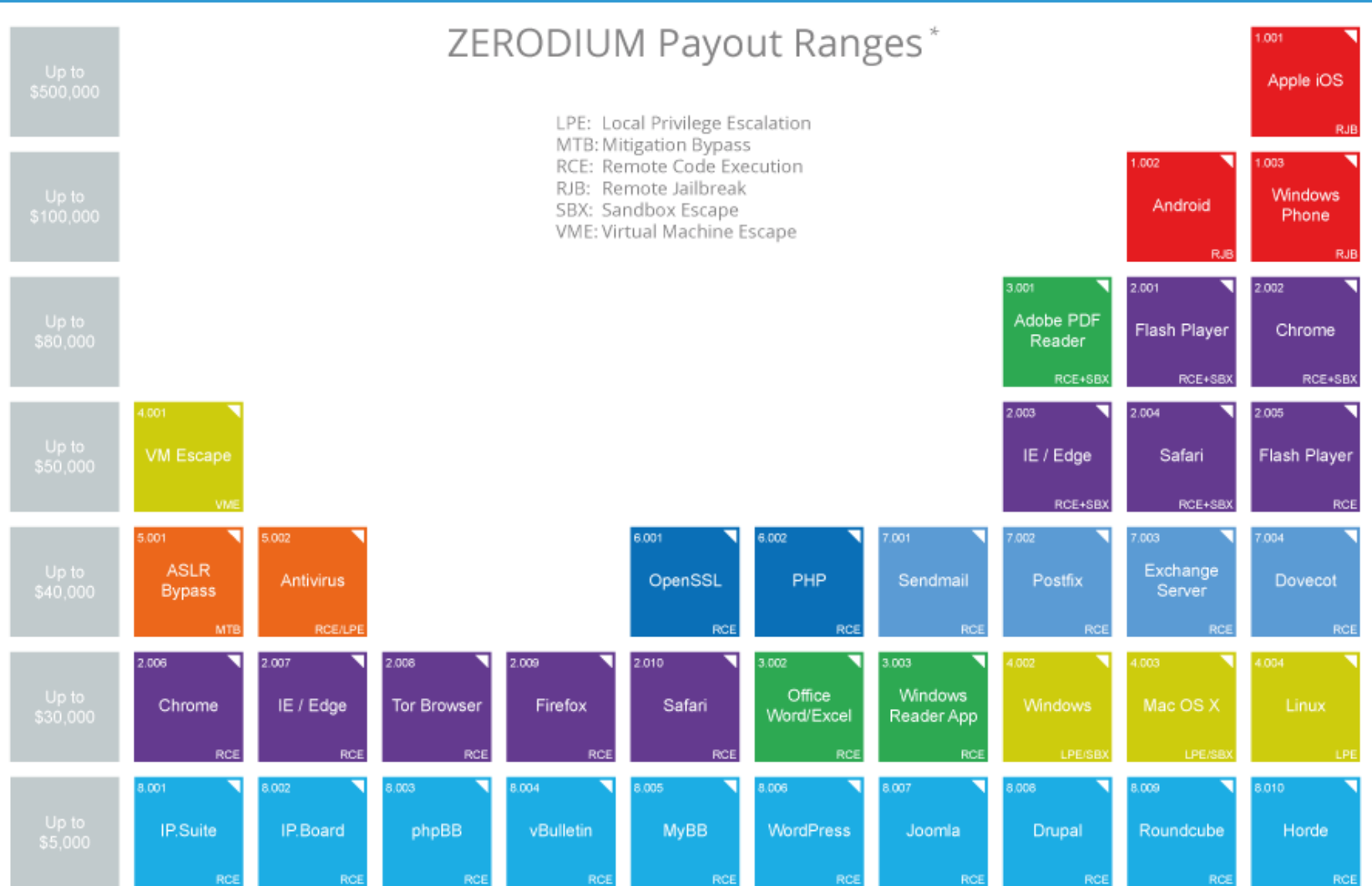
(a) An application for a supplemental type-certificate shall be made in a form and manner established by the Agency.

(b) An application for a supplemental type-certificate shall include the descriptions and identification, and changes to the operational suitability data required by point 21.A.93. In addition, such an application shall include a justification that the information on which those identifications are based is adequate either from the applicant's own resources, or through an arrangement with the type-certificate holder.

- security boundaries are available
  - Should allow modification without jeopardizing existing A/C security efficiency
- STC applicant get from OEM the necessary security information to perform the change, including operational security handbook and ICA
  - Implies some binding constraints between OEM and STC applicant



# Risk evolution



\* All payout amounts are chosen at the discretion of ZERODIUM and are subject to change or cancellation without notice.

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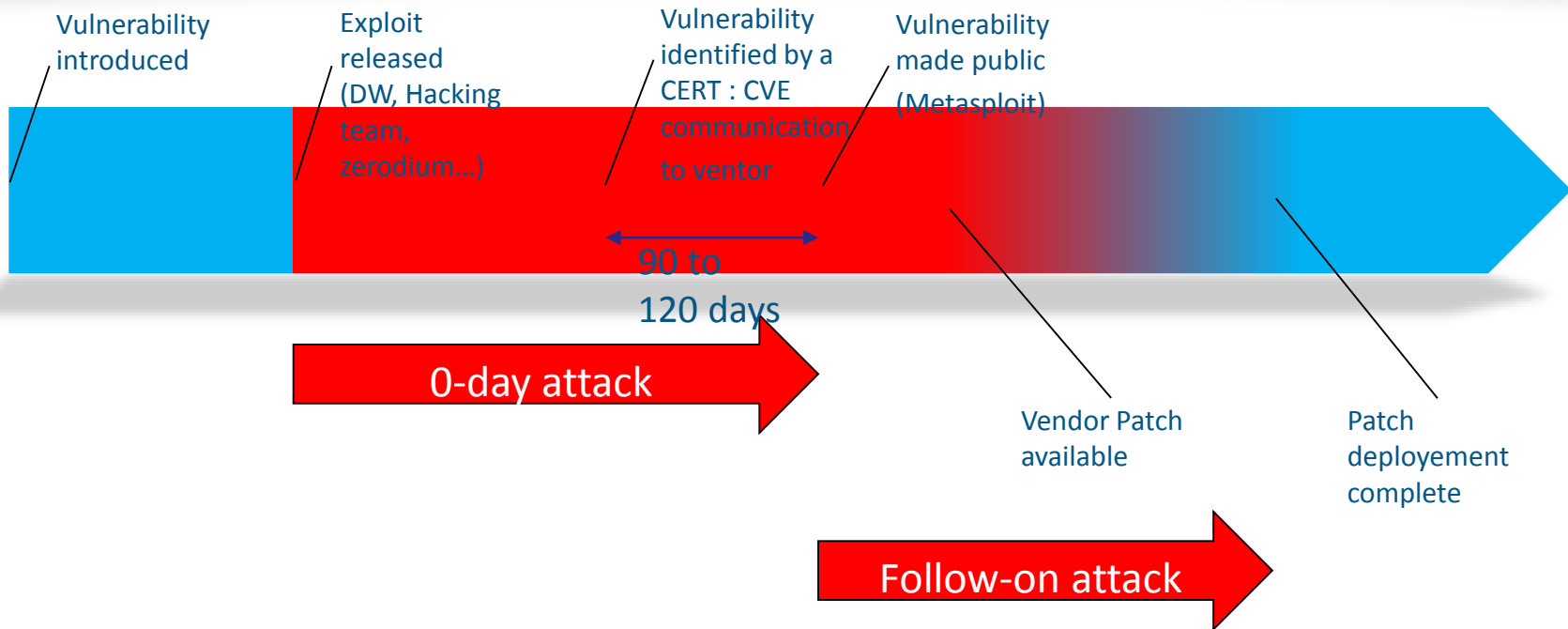
# DW marketplace

[ remote exploits ]							
DATE	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	HITS	RISK	R	D	C
18-05-2016	Cisco ASA Software 8.x / 9.x - IKEv1 and IKEv2 Buffer Overflow Exploit	hardware	247	<div><div></div></div>	R	D	C
18-05-2016	Dell SonicWALL Scrutinizer 11.01 methodDetail SQL Injection Exploit	multiple	144	<div><div></div></div>	R	D	C
17-05-2016	TP-Link SC2020n Authenticated Telnet Injection Vulnerability	hardware	364	<div><div></div></div>	R	D	C
14-05-2016	FTP JCL Execution Exploit	multiple	384	<div><div></div></div>	R	D	C
10-05-2016	PHP 5.2.x Safe Mode Windows Bypass Vulnerability	php	792	<div><div></div></div>	R	D	C
09-05-2016	Dell SonicWall Scrutinizer 11.0.1 - setUserSkin/deleteTab SQL Injection Exploit	windows	467	<div><div></div></div>	R	D	C
06-05-2016	Ruby on Rails Development Web Console (v2) Code Execution Exploit	ruby	537	<div><div></div></div>	R	D	C
06-05-2016	ImageMagick Delegate Arbitrary Command Execution Exploit	multiple	684	<div><div></div></div>	R	D	C
[ local exploits ]							
DATE	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	HITS	RISK	R	D	C
17-05-2016	Nexon Games Privilege Escalation Vulnerability	windows	195	<div><div></div></div>	R	D	C
17-05-2016	Hex : Shard of Fate 1.0.1.026 - Unquoted Path Privilege Escalation Vulnerability	windows	159	<div><div></div></div>	R	D	C
14-05-2016	ViriT Explorer Lite & Pro v.8.1.68 - Local Privilege Escalation Vulnerability	windows	182	<div><div></div></div>	R	D	C
14-05-2016	Huawei Mobile Broadband HL Service Local Privilege Escalation Vulnerability	hardware	282	<div><div></div></div>	R	D	C
14-05-2016	Linux Kernel bpf related UAF Vulnerability	linux	277	<div><div></div></div>	R	D	C
14-05-2016	NRSS Reader 0.3.9 - Local Stack-Based Overflow Exploit	linux	173	<div><div></div></div>	R	D	C
14-05-2016	runAV mod_security - Arbitrary Command Execution Vulnerability	linux	248	<div><div></div></div>	R	D	C
11-05-2016	FileZilla FTP Client 3.17.0.0 - Unquoted Path Privilege Escalation Vulnerability	windows	511	<div><div></div></div>	R	D	C
[ web applications ]							
DATE	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	HITS	RISK	R	D	C
18-05-2016	Meteocontrol WEB'log - Admin Password Disclosure Exploit	multiple	209	<div><div></div></div>	R	D	C
18-05-2016	SAP xMII 15.0 - Directory Traversal Vulnerability	java	104	<div><div></div></div>	R	D	C
17-05-2016	Web2py 2.14.5 - Multiple Vulnerabilities	multiple	246	<div><div></div></div>	R	D	C
15-05-2016	Hipchat Server Remote Code Execution / File Read / SSRF Vulnerabilities	multiple	543	<div><div></div></div>	R	D	C

Oday.today 1337day I... Home \*(Untitled)



# 0-day timeline

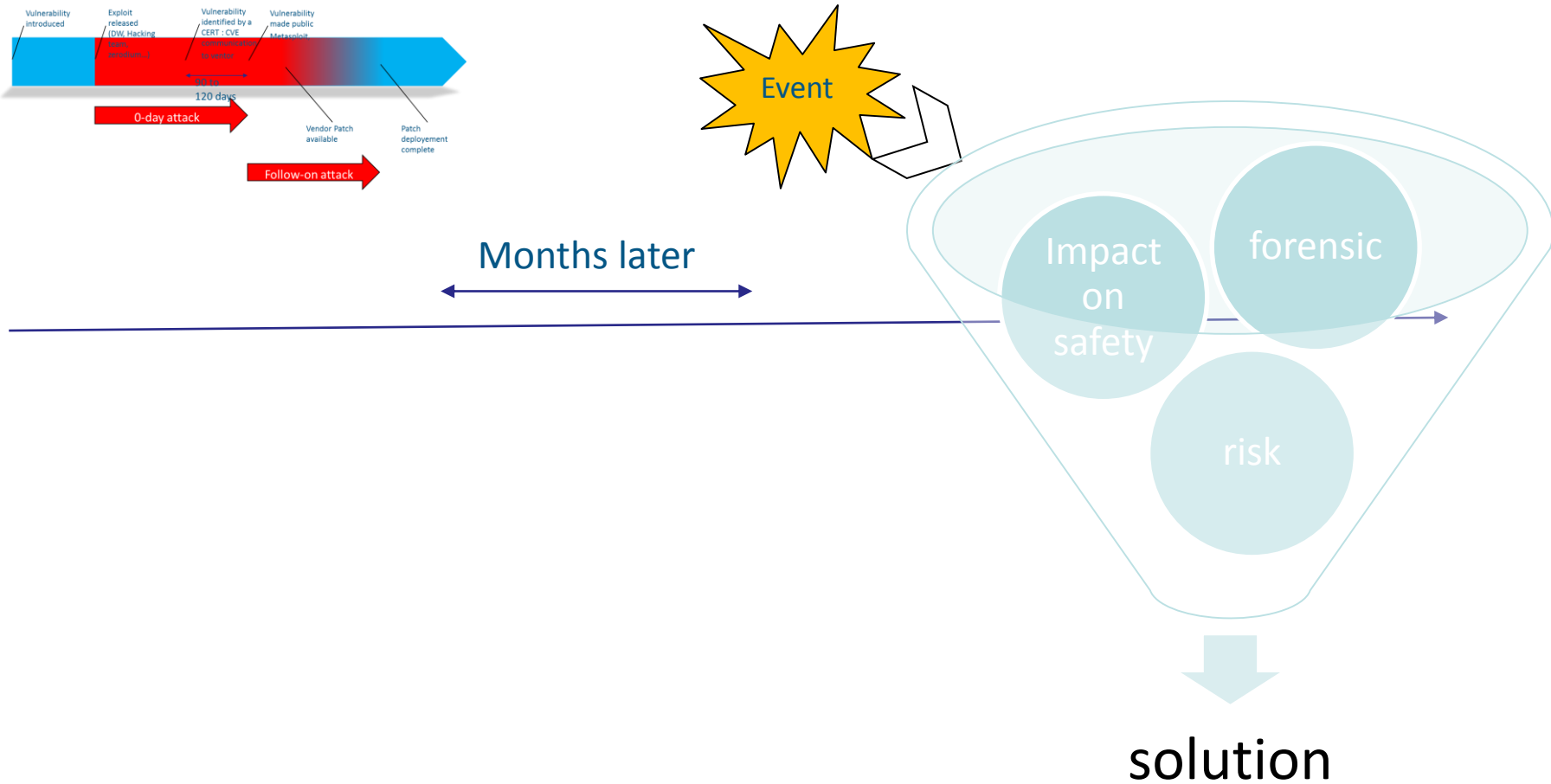


## Questions:

- who, in the aviation world is looking at vulnerabilities, CVEs, patches?
- Which vendors in the aviation world is developing security patch?
- What do you think of the timeline, in particular the follow-on attack window?



# 0-day timeline and the occurrence reporting







**EASA**  
European Aviation Safety Agency

# Questions?



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