## **EBT workshop session**

#### 14 - 21 Nov 2023

Poll results

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- 1.1 Integration with safety department & programme's customisation
- 1.2 Evaluation of the pilots and key training data gathering
- 1.3 Instructor Concordance Assurance Programme (ICAP)
- 1.4 Link and communication with the authorities and its role in the EBT

**1.1 Integration with safety department & programme's** customisation (1/4) Which should be the priority for the implementation of the proposed solutions? Best-practices to standardise taxonomy between FDM 1. methods and EBT competencies and training topics 2.09 Best-practices for easing integration and governance of safety 2. and training department cooperation 1.84 3. Best-practices to integrate or fuse inner loop data for customisation and contextualisation of scenarios 0.97

**Ranking poll** 





**Open text poll** 

1.1 Integration with safety department & programme's customisation (4/4)



## Is there any important aspect we are not considering?

• EBT per pilot or per ground of pilots: we are not allowed to gather data for an individual pilot but only for a group of pilots.

• ...



1.2 Evaluation of the pilots and key training data gathering (1/6) Which should be the priority for the implementation of the proposed solutions? (2/2)

5. Definition and introduction of a metric for programme difficulty

1.85

1.2 Evaluation of the pilots and key training data gathering (2/6) What elements should be included to define a standard application of grading system and assessment method?



Assessment methodologies clarification 52 % Prioritisation of instructors tasks 12 % Process and order to be followed to conduct assessments 36 %



#### 1.2 Evaluation of the pilots and key training data gathering (3/6) What elements should be included to highlight the importance of the debriefing?



Definition of a fixed and dedicated slot for debriefing

27 %

Recommended debriefing techniques

73 %





#### 1.2 Evaluation of the pilots and key training data gathering (5/6) What elements should be included to define a metric for programme difficulty?



59 %

Criteria for assigning the difficulty level (e.g., included training topics, scenarios or malfunctions)

24 %

Scoring method or system

Weighting factors

12 %

Potential use of this metric

6 %

1.2 Evaluation of the pilots and key training data gathering (6/6) Is there any important aspect we are not considering?







1.3 Instructor Concordance Assurance Programme (ICAP) (1/6) Which should be the priority for the implementation of the proposed solutions? (2/2)

4. Definition of a framework of indicators to assess the appearance of forced concordance

2.23

1.3 Instructor Concordance Assurance Programme (ICAP) (2/6) What elements should be included for the standardised metrics and methods to assess agreement and alignment?

Specific metrics for agreement and alignment

Granularity and level of grading metrics to be used

0 %

Methodologies to assess agreement and alignment

65 %

Conduction of a webinar focusing on ICAP

15 %





1.3 Instructor Concordance Assurance Programme (ICAP) (3/6) What elements should be included to foster the implementation of a tool that allows the operators to manage the ICAP related data? (2/2)

Data governance policies

4 %

Development of a generic tool for analysing the data

27 %

026

1.3 Instructor Concordance Assurance Programme (ICAP) (4/6) What elements should include the Guidance Material for the normalisation of instructors' data?









1.4 Link and communication with the authorities and its role in the EBT (1/5) Which should be the priority for the implementation of the proposed solutions? (1/2)Industry best-practices for standardised metrics to monitor 1. the consistency of EBT programmes 3.41 GM defining a recommended framework of KPIs for oversight 2. of EBT programmes 3.27 Best-practices for sharing authority data with operators 3. 3.05 Incentivise the creation of collaborative data-driven 4. mechanisms among Authorities and operators 2.73

**Ranking poll** 

1.4 Link and communication with the authorities and its role in the EBT (1/5)



# Which should be the priority for the implementation of the proposed solutions? (2/2)

5. Support the definition of specific trainings for the enhancement of the authorities' IT capabilities

1.96

1.4 Link and communication with the authorities and its role in the EBT (2/5)



## What elements should be included for sharing authority data with operators?

Data sources to be considered for data sharing

36 %

Data sharing methodologies or standards

64 %

Frequency for sharing data





1.4 Link and communication with the authorities and its role in the EBT (3/5)



# What elements should be defined for a framework of KPIs for oversight of EBT programmes by Authorities? (1/2)

Definition of the relevant KPIs

77 %

Data sources for each KPIs

• 0 %

Thresholds

9 %

KPIs reporting frequency

• 0 %

Process to report the KPIs

**5**%

1.4 Link and communication with the authorities and its role in the EBT (3/5)



# What elements should be defined for a framework of KPIs for oversight of EBT programmes by Authorities? (2/2)

Establishment of review meetings

5 %

Integration of the framework within the audits

**5**%



1.4 Link and communication with the authorities and its role in the EBT (4/5)



#### What elements elements should be defined for standardised metrics to monitor the consistency of EBT programmes? (1/2)

Relevant metrics to assess monitor the consistency concordance

elido

59 %



1.4 Link and communication with the authorities and its role in the EBT (4/5)



# What elements elements should be defined for standardised metrics to monitor the consistency of EBT programmes?

(2/2)

Monitoring over time





**Open text poll** 

1.4 Link and communication with the authorities and its role in the EBT (5/5)



# Is there any important aspect we are not considering?

 All the priorities are important, I fill out in a particular order such priorities but in reality all of them are equally important.

## **Fuel workshop session**

#### 14 - 21 Nov 2023

Poll results

#### **Table of contents**

- FUEL-RELATED DATA COLLECTION & VALIDATION
- FUEL CONSUMPTION MODELS
- FUEL CONSUMPTION MODELS
- COLLECTION & INTEGRATION OF OPERATING CONDITIONS DATA





#### FUEL-RELATED DATA COLLECTION & VALIDATION (3/5) What elements should be defined for a comprehensive fuel data framework?



Standardised list of fuel-related parameters to be recorded.

61 %

Define scheme-specific data requirements.

78 %



#### FUEL-RELATED DATA COLLECTION & VALIDATION (4/5) What elements should be included in the data validation methodologies? (2/2)

Specific procedures for manual data collection, data entry, and quality control

41 %

Incentivise automated fuel-data collection

53 %



#### FUEL-RELATED DATA COLLECTION & VALIDATION (5/5) Is there any important aspect we are not considering?

0 0 1

 I would add the timeliness of the file related data, I.e. collecting and analysing the data in real-time rather than in restrained only.



#### FUEL CONSUMPTION MODELS (1/5)



# Which should be the priority for the implementation of the proposed solutions? (2/2)

5. GM/AMC capturing the need for transparency in algorithm details provided by vendors

2.31

#### FUEL CONSUMPTION MODELS (2/5)



What elements do you think that the solution "GM/AMC that establish a standardised framework for statistical fuel consumption models" should include?

Standardised statistical methods that ensure consistency and reliability in fuel modelling

69 %

Methodologies for generalising statistical models and guidelines on how to apply them to different aircraft or operational scenarios

69 %

Limits of model generalidsation for each operational context

38 %







#### FUEL CONSUMPTION MODELS (5/5)

#### 0 0 1

## Is there any important aspect we are not considering?

 Variations due to different types of operations: cargo, business jets, helicopters, etc.

# FUEL CONSUMPTION MODELS (1/5) 0 1 5 Which should be the priority for the implementation of the proposed solutions? 0 1 5 1. GM/AMC for the definition of standardised SPIs frameworks specific to fuel reductions 3.13

2. GM/AMC for the continuous monitoring and reporting of fuelrelated safety performance

2.27

3. Collaborative data programmes for the definition and monitoring of safety frameworks

2.00

4. GM/AMC for the alignment of fuel initiatives with Safety Management System

1.40













#### COLLECTION & INTEGRATION OF OPERATING CONDITIONS DATA (3/4) What elements should be included for the use and monitoring of operating conditions data?





## **FDM session**

15 - 18 Nov 2023

Poll results

#### Table of contents

- Production of the Data Frame Layout decoding file
- 1.2 Standardising FDM programmes
- 1.3 Knowledge management for FDM programmes

#### Production of the Data Frame Layout decoding file (1/3) Which factors are most relevant to explain the high cost of producing the decoding file, in your opinion?

028

| 1. | Diversity in the number of existing Data Frame Layouts |      |
|----|--------------------------------------------------------|------|
|    |                                                        | 3.82 |
| 2. | Data entry process is slow and/or manual               |      |
|    |                                                        | 2.93 |
| 3. | Validation of decoding files is slow and/or manual     |      |
|    |                                                        | 2.79 |
| 4. | Growth in size and complexity of Data Frame Layouts    |      |
|    |                                                        | 2.04 |
| 5. | Manufacturers updating the Data Frame Layout           |      |
|    |                                                        | 2.00 |

#### Production of the Data Frame Layout decoding file (2/3) 0 2 7 Which impacts of the production costs should be addressed first?

| 1. | Cost for operator to have a decoding file produced |      |
|----|----------------------------------------------------|------|
|    |                                                    | 3.26 |
| 2. | Usage of proprietary formats by software vendors   |      |
|    |                                                    | 2.74 |
| 3. | Resource investment by software vendors            |      |
|    |                                                    | 2.22 |
| 4. | Obstacle to business growth for software vendors   |      |
|    |                                                    | 1.33 |



![](_page_54_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### 1.2 Standardising FDM programmes (1/5) Which should be the priority for the implementation of the proposed solutions? (2/2)

5. Large data exchange programme

2.03

![](_page_56_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_56_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_56_Picture_2.jpeg)

performance?

(1/2)

1.2 Standardising FDM programmes (3/5) What elements should be included in the development of Flight Parameter Reference

flight parameters and recommended

List of necessary or recommended parameters for FDM

document, containing comprehensive list of

![](_page_57_Figure_3.jpeg)

1.2 Standardising FDM programmes (3/5)

![](_page_58_Picture_2.jpeg)

What elements should be included in the development of Flight Parameter Reference document, containing comprehensive list of flight parameters and recommended performance? (2/2)

Linkage between manufacturer documentation and the Flight Parameter Reference document

57 %

![](_page_58_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_59_Figure_1.jpeg)

1.2 Standardising FDM programmes (4/5)

![](_page_60_Picture_2.jpeg)

What elements should be included for sharing algorithms, definitions and logics developed within a large data exchange programme? (2/2)

Rationale behind shared algorithm

52 %

![](_page_60_Picture_6.jpeg)

**1.2 Standardising FDM programmes (5/5)** 

![](_page_61_Picture_2.jpeg)

89 %

What elements should be included in the AMC on minimum list of risk areas to be monitored by operators through their FDM programmes?

FDM event definitions or algorithms that can be used to monitor the risk area

Optional risk areas to monitor

43 %

#### 1.3 Knowledge management for FDM programmes (1/6) Which should be the priority for the implementation of the proposed solutions?

- 1. Guidance Material on analysis of causal factors for FDM events and definition of corrective measures within the SRM process
- 2. AMC for minimum set of documentation and information to be maintained by the operator
- 3. Invite and integrate manufacturers and software vendors to the European Operators FDM forum (EOFDM forum)
- 4. Develop a mandatory course for FDM analysts (and associated certification) on the flight data and analysis methodologies

2.19

2.54

2.42

2.35

![](_page_63_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_64_Figure_1.jpeg)

1.3 Knowledge management for FDM programmes (3/6)

![](_page_65_Picture_2.jpeg)

What elements should include the mandatory course for FDM analysts (and associated certification) on the flight data and analysis methodologies?

(2/2)

Analysis of individual events and trends, including identification of causal factors

92 %

Definition of corrective and mitigation measures and monitoring of results

52 %

![](_page_65_Picture_9.jpeg)

![](_page_66_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_67_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### 1.3 Knowledge management for FDM programmes (6/6) Is there any important aspect we are not considering? (1/2)

#### 0 0 3

 FDM analysts come from various backgrounds (analysts from another topic are to FDM, pilots moving from operational duties, safety professionals moving from other expertise areas etc). The induction programme for each of these groups is very different so no one specific course will work for all of them. The training should always be tailored for the individual background and a mandatory certification would likely limit the potential for operators to attract talent with more unusual but equally useful backgrounds (and we'd end up with ex-pilots only without a lot of formal training in data science and analytics etc.)

 Aeronautical knowledge and understanding flight physics/dynamics is important for

1.3 Knowledge management for FDM programmes (6/6) Is there any important aspect we are not considering? (2/2)

analysts and is not identified in the list. More than technical info, operators should keep a list of how their FDM programme relates to their risk management. Each event/SPI, should have a reason to exist - even if not related to safety. Non-safety events are very relevant for the cost-effectiveness of an FDM programme (fuel savings, for example)

• Data delay transmission

after landing