

NPA 2010-09 Swiss FOCA Position Part 1

Ronald Meier 28.6.2012

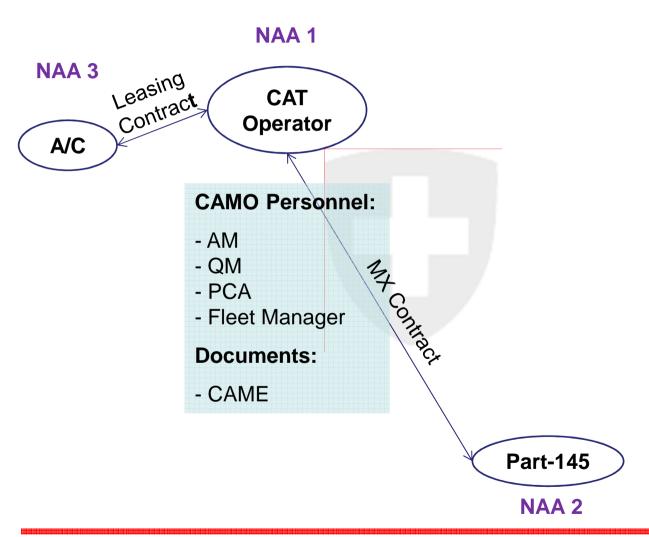


NPA 2010-09 - FOCA position

FOCA does not support NPA 2010-09 "Contracting of Continuing Airworthiness"

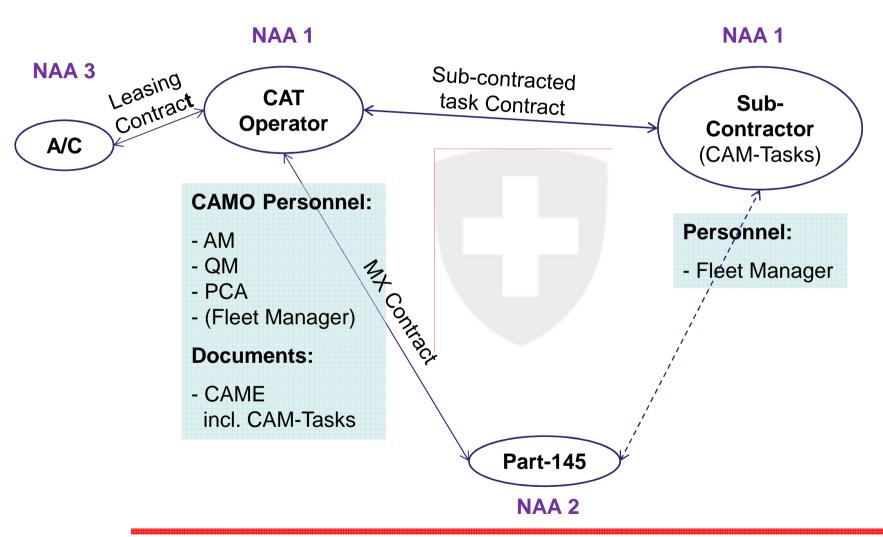


Current Situation



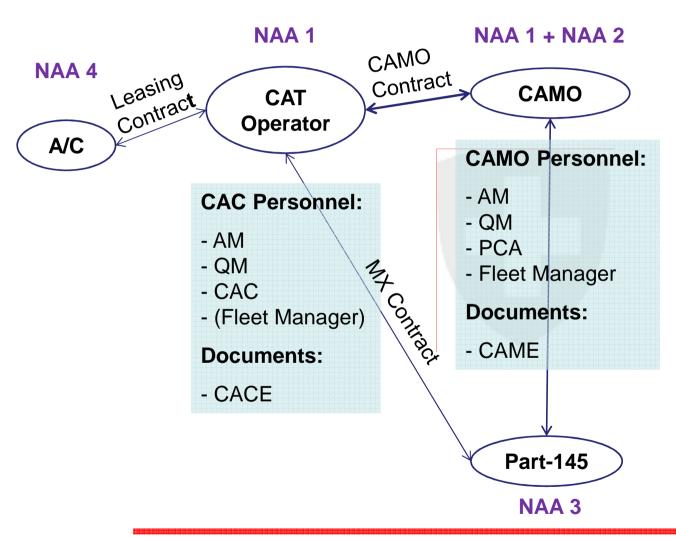


Current Situation



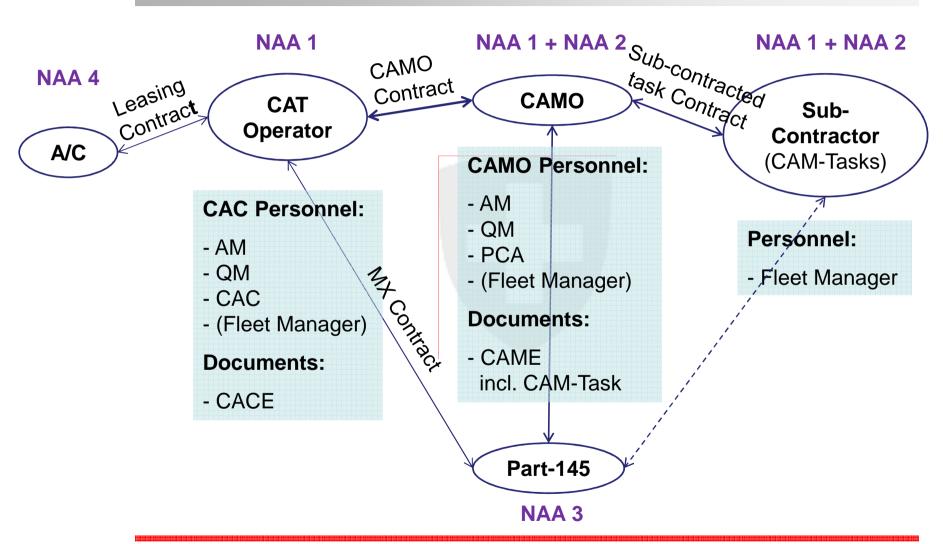


New Situation with Subpart J





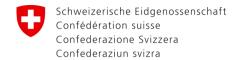
New Situation with Subpart J





Major issues

- No safety benefit seen, but much higher complexity
- Continuing Airworthiness Controller (CAC) with experience similar to PCA. He remains PCA in the Ops-department
- Active control required
- Very complex document structure (CACE, CAME)
- Complex MX-Contract structure (3 or 4 parties)
- Oversight of NAA is complex and more expensive, as more parties are involved
- No savings expected



NPA 2010-09 Swiss FOCA Position Part 2

Karlheinz Lenzke, 28.06.2012



Why CAMO

Position of Rulemaking EASA (2006)

- JAR OPS: Owner/Operator's ultimate responsibility
- CAMO shall force Ops to live it
- Planning Department from maintenance provider to operator
- Why, at a sudden reverse development



Opponent in the Review Group

Invitation into the group due to FOCA's opposition to the NPA

- Personal view as an expert
- vs. FOCA opinion
- Consensus



FOCA concerns during sessions 1

Major Disagreements (Dangers)

- Additional party in the continuing airworthiness chain (see Page 5 Phil Hall)
- CAT operator gives "brain" away
- Complication of oversight
- Current system not jet mature
- CA coordinator needs same background like PCA
- No financial benefit for operators



FOCA concerns during sessions 2

Major Disagreements (Dangers)

- Additional administrative burden to the NAAs
- Use of the word sub-contracting in Part 1 of NPA
- Keep the word limited for CAM tasks



Advice

Split of NPA

- Part 1 necessary with active control
- Part 2 to be discussed
- Part 2 not through the backdoor



QUESTIONS?