

Working Arrangements and foreign countries

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Regulatory framework (1)

- → Scope of 1592/2002
 - ♦ Worldwide application
 - provisions for derogation in context of recognition agreement between EU and non EU countries (article 9)
 - provisions for working arrangements (Article 18)



Regulatory framework (2)

→ Article 9

♦ If the co-operation aims at creating <u>obligations</u> on Member States or on the Community or at allowing <u>deviations</u> from Community law, it shall be established by means of a <u>formal</u> <u>agreement</u> concluded by the Community itself (Article 9.1 of the EASA Regulation)



Regulatory framework (3)

+ Article 18

♣ If the co-operation only commits the Agency
for the execution of its certification tasks, it
may be established by means of a working
arrangement concluded by the Agency (Article
18.2 of the EASA Regulation)



Recognition Agreement (1)

→ International treaty

Approved at EU Community level :may introduce other means than those provided by 1592 and implementing rules

26/04/2004 Industry Meeting



Recognition Agreement (2)

→ Current situation

♦ No new agreement under Article 9.1

♦ Use of existing agreement under article 9.2



Recognition Agreement (3)

> FAA Case

♦ Continuation of Existing BASA IPA signed prior to 28.09.2003

♦ Decision 2004/01/RM for changes and repairs

♦ Negotiations for a new EU-US agreement have started



Working Arrangements (1)

Outsourcing policy

- *The Agency Management Board has adopted an <u>outsourcing policy</u> which allows the Agency to allocate certification tasks to <u>accredited</u> <u>national authorities</u> including those of third countries
- *The accreditation process has for objective to verify that the partner authority is able to implement Agency's certification requirements and procedures. The cooperation shall be subject to a working arrangement.



Working Arrangements (2)

→ Working Arrangement

- ♦ Such arrangement could be generic and cover a range of certification tasks (e.g. Canada)
- ♦ They can be <u>limited to individual projects</u> (e.g. Brazil)
- ♦ The choice depends on the scope of <u>past</u> <u>cooperation</u> and <u>established confidence</u>
- ♦ Such arrangements allow demonstration of capability for design and production on the basis of foreign system, in accordance with 1702/2003, Article 3.2 and 4.2



Working Arrangements (3)

→ Signed Arrangements

- ♦ Agency / TCCA (February 2004)
- ♦ Agency / DCA-CTA (February 2004)

→ Arrangements under discussion

- ♦ Agency / CAA Israel
- ♣Agency / IAC (Russia)
- ♦ Agency / Australia
- ♣Agency / New Zealand